## Exponential Function

An exponential function is a mathematical function of the following form:

$$
f(x)=b^{x}
$$

where $x$ is a variable, and $b$ is a constant called the base of the function.

| $0<b<1$ | $b>1$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| These functions are decreasing, since for $x_{1}, x_{2} \in \mathbb{R}$, such that $x_{1}<x_{2}$ and $0<b<1, b^{x_{1}}>b^{x_{2}}$ $\text { e.g. } b=\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow f(\boldsymbol{x})=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x}$ | These functions are increasing, since for $x_{1}, x_{2} \in \mathbb{R}$, such that $x_{1}<x_{2}$ and $b>1, b^{x_{1}}<b^{x_{2}}$ $\text { e.g. } b=2 \Rightarrow \boldsymbol{f}(\boldsymbol{x})=(\mathbf{2})^{x}$ |
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